

长难句回顾

本周直播要点：

- 1、句法总结；
- 2、实战练习。





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句法总结（一）

基本的句法概念

9种句子成分

有从句的句子成分

主语

名词/代词

非谓语动词（不定式、现在分词）

主语从句

宾语

名词/代词

非谓语动词（不定式、现在分词）

宾语从句

表语

形容词

名词/代词

非谓语动词（不定式、现在分词、过去分词）

介词短语

表语从句

定语

前置定

形容词

名词，代词

非谓语动词

后置定

形容词

介词短语

非谓语动词

定语从句

同位语

状语

没有从句的句子成分

谓语

谓语一定是动词

谓语动词一定是带有某种时态

非谓语动词，情态动词，助动词单独使用都不能做谓语

补语

插入语

插入语的位置不定，可以在句首，句中，句末，通常有双逗号隔开

插入语的形式多变，小到一个单词，大到一个句子都可以做插入语

分析句子结构的时候，插入语可以暂时不看，不影响句子的语法结构

5种句子结构

主谓结构

1、主谓

2、主谓宾

3、主谓宾宾

4、主谓宾补

5、主系表结构

3种句型

简单句

主从复合句

并列句

总结：Evie



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句法总结（二）

从句

参与“主干”部分的从句

主语从句

- 位置：主句谓语动词前有从句，是主语从句
- That we has won the competition is true.
- 其他：it 做形式主语，真正的主语从句在后

主语：that we has won the competition
谓语（系）：is
表语：true

例2：It is true that we has won the competition.

形式主语：it
真正的主语：that we has won the competition
谓语（系）：is
表语：true

宾语从句

位置：动词后面有从句，是宾语从句

例1：He demands that we must arrive on time.

主语：He
谓语：demands
宾语：that we must arrive on time

其他：介词以及形容词后面接从句，也是宾语从句（比较少）

例2：He was interested in whatever he saw there. (介词in的宾语从句)

例3：He is pleased that he passed a tough test. (形容词pleased的宾语从句)

表语从句

位置：系动词（be动词为主）后有从句，是表语从句

例1：The point is that they won't agree with us.

主语：The point
系：is
表语：that they won't agree with us

定语从句

位置：名词之后有从句，大概率是定语从句

（限定性定语从句）例1：She is no longer the girl that she used to be.

主语：She
系：is
表语：the girl
修饰：on longer修饰is(不再是)
定语从句修饰 girl girl that she used to be (曾经的那个女孩)

（非限定性定语从句）例2：She is a good girl, which is well known.

主语：She
系：is
表语：a good girl
修饰：good修饰girl
非限定性定语从句修饰“她是好女孩”这件事 which is well known (“她是好女孩”这件事众所周知)

同位语从句

位置：抽象名词之后，大概率是同位语从句

例1：We have drawn the conclusion that there is no life on Mars.

主语：We
谓语：have drawn
宾语：the conclusion
修饰（解释）：同位语从句解释这个conclusion（结论）的内容 that there is no life on Mars (火星上没有生命)

状语从句

位置：1、句首，句中，句末都有可能；2、若放句首，从句结束后常用逗号隔开；3、识别状语从句信号词是关键。

例1：Each time he came to Harbin, he would call me.

主语：he
谓语：would call
宾语：me
修饰：交代主干事件（他会给我打电话）发生的背景是他每次来哈尔滨的时候 Each time he came to Harbin

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① Thankfully, there is a way out of this trap -- but it involves striking a subtle balance. ② Helping forests flourish as valuable "carbon sinks" long into the future may require reducing their capacity to sequester carbon (固碳) now. ③ California is leading the way, as it does on so many climate efforts, in figuring out the details.

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- B. strike a balance among different plants.
- C. accelerate the growth of young trees.
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